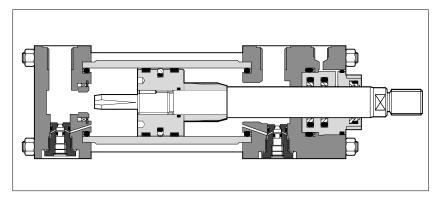


Hydraulic cylinders type CK - square heads with tie rods

to ISO 6020-2 - nominal pressure 16 MPa (160 bar) - max 25 MPa (250 bar)





DVC Cylinder Designer

The configuration and options of CK cylinders are easily selectable with the DVC software. Once the cylinder code is correctly defined using the configurator tool, the relevant 3D modelling and imaging are immediately available for the user.

CK cylinders have engineered double acting construction, designed to suit the requirements of industrial applications: top reliability, high performances and long working life.

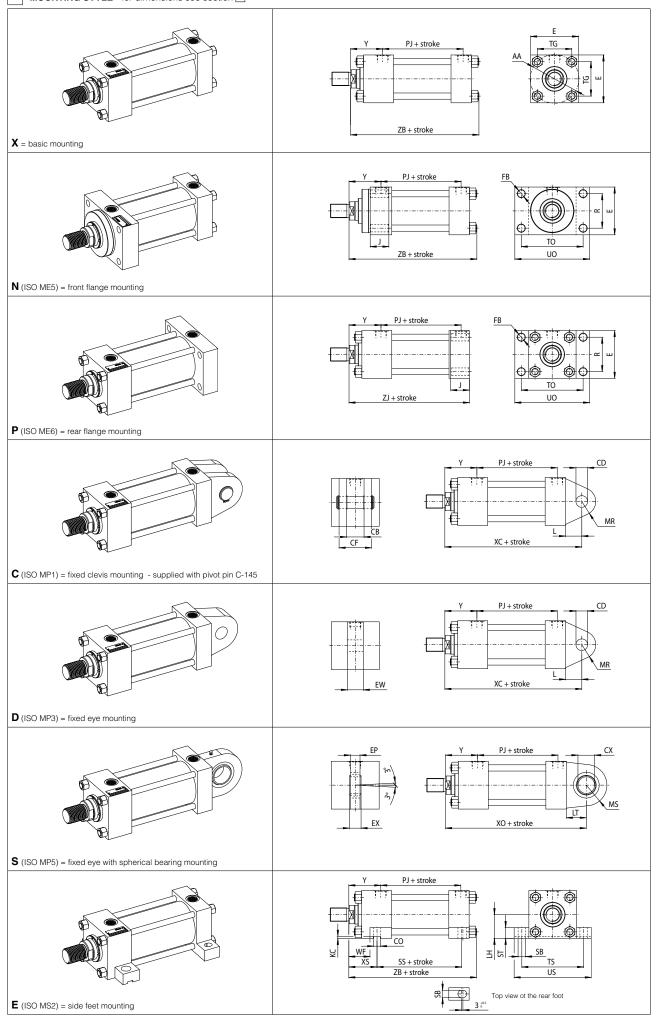
- Bore sizes from 25 to 200 mm
- Up to 3 rod diameters per bore
- Strokes up to 5000 mm
- Quick deliveries, see section 4
- Single or double rod
- Rods and tie rods with rolled threads
- 16 standard mounting styles
- 6 seals options
- Adjustable or fixed cushionings
- Optional built-in position transducer, see tab. B310
- · Attachments for rods and mounting styles, see tab. B500

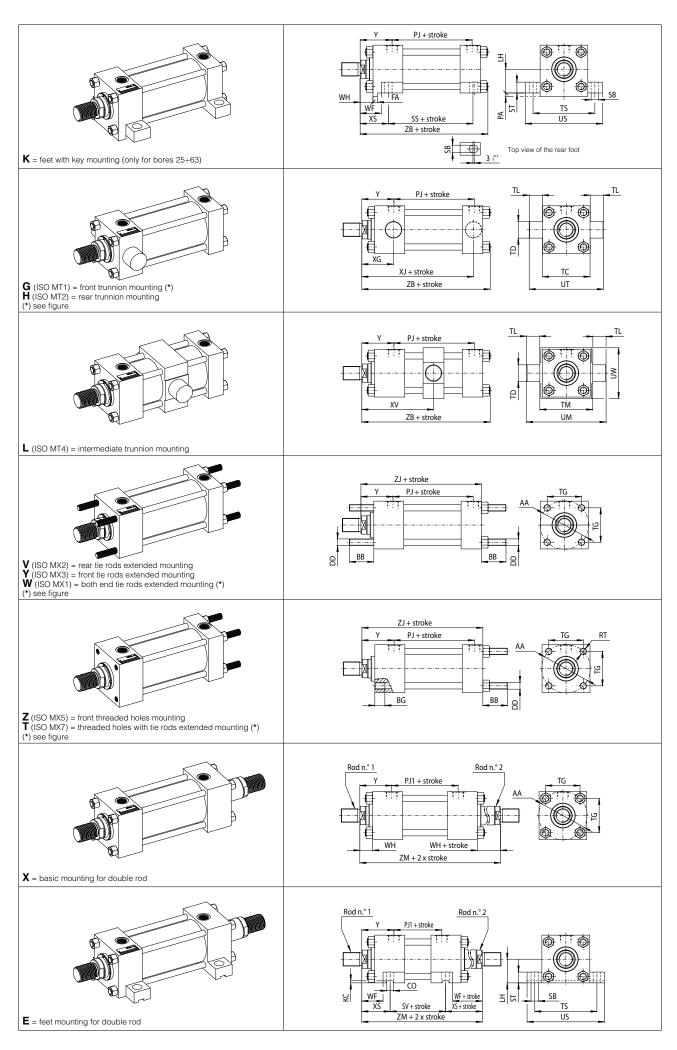
For cylinder's choice and sizing criteria see tab. B015.

1 MODEL CODE CK P/10-50/22/22*0500-S0 1 - A - B1E3X1Z3 3 Series number (1) CYLINDER SERIES HEADS' CONFIGURATION (2), see section 13 CK to ISO 6020 - 2 Oil ports positions **B*** = front head ROD POSITION TRANSDUCER X* = rear head F = magnetosonic M = magnetosonic programmable N = magnetostrictive P = potentiometric V = inductive Cushioning adjustments positions, to be entered only if adjustable cushionings are selected **E*** = front head **Z*** = rear head Dimensions and performances see tab. B310 * = selected position. (1, 2, 3 or 4) OPTIONS (2): INCORPORATED SUBPLATE, see section 15 Rod end, see section 6 F = female thread G = light female thread H = light male thread Omit if not requested 10 = size 06 20 = size 10 Oversized oil ports, see section 11 **D** = front oversized oil port **Y** = rear oversized oil port Proximity sensors, see section 18 **R** = front sensor **S** = rear sensor BORE SIZE, see section 3 from 25 to 200 mm Rod treatment, see section $\boxed{9}$ $\mathbf{K}=$ nickel and chrome plating $\mathbf{T}=$ induction surface hardening and chrome plating ROD DIAMETER, see sections 6 and 9 Air bleeds, see section 16 **A** = front air bleed **W** = rear air bleed from 12 to 140 mm Draining, see section 17 **L** = rod side draining SECOND ROD DIAMETER for double rod, see section 10 Omit if not requested from 12 to 140 mm SEALING SYSTEM, see section 14 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{1} = (\text{NBR} + \text{POLYURETHANE}) \ \textbf{high} \ \textbf{static} \ \textbf{and} \ \textbf{dynamic} \ \textbf{sealing} \\ \textbf{2} = (\text{FKM} + \text{PTFE}) \ \textbf{very} \ \textbf{low} \ \textbf{friction} \ \textbf{and} \ \textbf{high} \ \textbf{temperatures} \\ \textbf{4} = (\text{NBR} + \text{PTFE}) \ \textbf{very} \ \textbf{low} \ \textbf{friction} \ \textbf{and} \ \textbf{high} \ \textbf{speeds} \\ \end{array}$ STROKE, see section 4 6 = (NBR + PTFE) very low friction, single acting - pushing 7 = (NBR + PTFE) very low friction, single acting - pulling 8 = (NBR + PTFE and POLYURETHANE) low friction up to 5000 mm. Quick deliveries available for selected strokes MOUNTING STYLE, see sections 2 and 3 SPACER, see section 5 REF. ISO REF. ISO MP1 * MP3 * = rear flange = fixed clevis 0 = none ME6 * MP5 * D = fixed eye E = feet S = fixed eye + spherical D T = threaded hole+tie rods e V = rear tie rods extended = fixed eye + spherical bearing = threaded hole+tie rods extended **2** = 50 mm **4** = 100 mm **6** = 150 mm **8** = 200 mm MX7 **G** = front trunnion MT1 MX2 W = both end tie rods extended X = basic execution Y = front tie rods extended Z = front threaded holes H = rear trunnion K = feet with key (Ø 25÷63) CUSHIONINGS, see section 12 MT4** 0 = none L = intermediate trunnion N = front flange MX3 MX5 Fast adjustable Slow adjustable Fast fixed 4 = rear only 5 = front only 6 = front and rear 1 = rear only 2 = front only 7 = rear only 8 = front only * Not available for double rod ** XV dimension must be indicated in the model code, see section $\boxed{3}$ - note (5)

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ For spare parts request always indicate the series number printed on the nameplate (2) To be entered in alphabetical order





INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS [mm] - see figures in section 2

Ø Bore		1	1	I	1					1	
		25	32	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200
Rod	standard	12	14	18	22	28	36	45	56	70	90
Ø H	intermediate	NA	NA	22	28	36	45	56	70	90	110
	differential	18	22	28	36	45	56	70	90	110	140
	AA ref	40	47	59	74	91	117	137	178	219	269
	BB 0 / +3	19	24	35	46	46	59	59	81	92	115
	BG min	8	9	12	18	18	24	24	27	32	40
	CB A13	12	16	20	30	30	40	50	60	70	80
	CD H9	10	12	14	20	20	28	36	45	56	70
	CF max	25	34	42	62	62	83	103	123	143	163
	CO N9	NA	NA	12	12	16	16	16	20	30	40
СХ	value	12	16	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
	tolerance	0 -(0,008		1	0 -0,012	!		0 -0	0,015	0 -0,02
	DD 6g	M5x0,8	M6x1	M8x1	M12x1,25	M12x1,25	M16x1,5	M16x1,5	M22x1,5	M27x2	M30x2
	E (1)	40±1,5	45±1,5	63±1,5	75±1,5	90±1,5	115±1,5	130±2	165±2	205±2	245±2
	EP max	8	11	13	17	19	23	30	38	47	57
	EW h14	12	16	20	30	30	40	50	60	70	80
	EX	10 0/-0,12	14 0/-0,12	16 0/-0,12	20 0/-0,12	22 0/-0,12	28 0/-0,12	35 0/-0,12	44 0/-0,15	55 0/-0,15	70 0/-0,2
	FA -0,075 / 0	8	8	8	14	14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	FB H13	5,5	6,6	11	14	14	18	18	22	26	33
	H (2) max	5	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	J ref	25	25	38	38	38	45	45	58	58	76
	L min	13	19	19	32	32	39	54	57	63	82
	LH h10	19	22	31	37	44	57	63	82	101	122
	LT min	16	20	25	31	38	48	58	72	92	116
	KC min	NA	NA	4	4,5	4,5	5	6	6	8	8
	M (3)	1000	1200	1500	1800	2300	3000	3500	3500	3500	3500
	MR max	12	17	17	29	29	34	50	53	59	78
	MS max	20	22,5	29	33	40	50	62	80	100	120
	PA -0,2 / 0	5	5	5	8	8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	PJ (4) ±1,5 (6)	53	56	73	74	80	93	101	117	130	165
	PJ1 ±1,5 (6)	54	58	71	73	81	92	101	117	130	160
	PJ2 (4) ±1,5 (6)	53	57	73	76	80	93	99	121	143	167
	R js13	27	33	41	52	65	83	97	126	155	190
	RT	M5x0,8	M6x1	M8x1,25	M12x1,75	M12x1,75	M16x2	M16x2	M22x2,5	M27x3	M30x3,5
	SB H13	6,6	9	11	14	18	18	26	26	33	39
	SS ±1,25 (6)	72	72	97	91	85	104	101	130	129	171
	ST js13	8,5	12,5	12,5	19	26	26	32	32	38	44
	SV ±1,25 (6)	88	88	105	99	93	110	107	131	130	172
	TC h14	38	44	63	76	89	114	127	165	203	241
	TD f8	12	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80	100
	TG js13	28,3	33,2	41,7	52,3	64,3	82,7	96,9	125,9	154,9	190,2
	TL js13	10	12	16	20	25	32	40	50	63	80
	TM h14	48	55	76	89	100	127	140	178	215	279
	TO js13	51	58	87	105	117	149	162	208	253	300
	TS js13	54	63	83	102	124	149	172	210	260	311
	UM ref	68	79	108	129	150	191	220	278	341	439
	UO max	65	70	110	130	145	180	200	250	300	360
	US max	72	84	103	127	161	186	216	254	318	381
	UT ref	58	68	95	116	139	178	207	265	329	401
	UW max	45	50	70	88	98	127	141	168	205	269
	XC ±1,5 (6)	127	147	172	191	200	229	257	289	308	381
	XG ±2 (6)	44	54	57	64	70	76	71	75	75	85
	XJ ±1,5 (6)	101	115	134	140	149	168	187	209	230	276
	XO ±1,5 (6)	130	148	178	190	206	238	261	304	337	415
	XS ±2 (6) style L	33	45	45	54	65	68	79	79	86	92
XV (5)	minimum stroke	5	5	5	15	20	20	35	35	35	35
±2 (6)	min	77 75+stroke	90 86+stroke	100 99+stroke	109 98+stroke	120 100+stroke	129 115+stroke	148	155	161 141+stroke	195 166+stroke
	max V (4) +2 (6)	75+stroke	60	62	67	71	77	82	86	86	98
	Y (4) ±2 (6)	49,5	59,5	63	65,5	70	75,5	83	84	79,5	97
	Y1 (4) ±2 (6) ZB max	121	137	166	176	185	212	225	260	279	336
	ZJ ±1 (6)	114	128	153	159	168	190	203	232	245	299
	ZM ±2 (6)	154	178	195	207	223	246	265	289	302	356
	-IVI ±∠ (0)	104	1/0	190	201	ددی	240	200	209	JU2	550

NOTES TO TABLE 3

- (1) E If not otherwise specified in the figures in section 2, this value is the front and rear square heads dimension for all the mounting styles (see figure below)
- (2) H This additional dimension has to be considered only for bores 25 and 32



(3) M - For strokes longer than M, one or more intermediate tie rods supports ① are fitted on the cylinder housing to maintain the radial tension on the tie rods, thus keeping them rigidly fixed to the cylinder housing. The support has the same overall dimensions of the square heads as indicated in



- (4) When oversized oil ports are selected (see section 11 and 13 for dimensions and position) dimensions **PJ** and **Y** are respectively modified into PJ2 and Y1
- (5) XV For cylinders with mounting style L the stroke must always exceed the minimum values reported in the table.
 The requested XV value must be included between XV min and XV max and it must be always indicated, with dimension in millimeters, together with the cylinder code. See the following example:

CK - 50 / 22 * 0500 - L301 - D - B1E3X1Z3 XV = 200

(6) The tolerance is valid for strokes up to 1250 mm, for longer strokes the upper tolerance is given by the max stroke tolerance in section 4

4 STROKE SELECTION

Stroke has to be selected a few mm longer than the working stroke, to prevent to use the cylinder heads as mechanical stroke-end.

Standard strokes to ISO 4393

25	50	80	100	125	160	200	250
320	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	

Maximum stroke:

- 3000 mm for bores up to 32 mm
- 5000 mm for other bores

Stroke tolerances:

- 0 +2 mm for strokes up to 1250 mm
 0 +5 mm for strokes from 1250 to 3150 mm
 0 +8 mm for strokes over 3150 mm

QUICK DELIVERIES

Available for cylinders without options with:

- bores within 25 80 mmstandard or differential rods
- bolt character strokes in the above table

5 SPACER

For strokes longer than 1000 mm, proper spacers have to be introduced in the cylin-der's construction to increase the rod and piston guide and to protect them from overloads and premature wear. Spacers can be omitted for cylinders working in traction mode. The introduction of spacers increases the overall cylinder's dimensions: spacers' lenght has to be added to all stroke dependent dimensions in section 3



RECOMMENDED SPACERS [mm]

Stroke	1001 ÷ 1500	1501 ÷ 2000	2001 ÷ 2500	2501 ÷ 5000
Spacer code	2	4	6	8
Length	50	100	150	200

6 ROD END DIMENSIONS [mm]

Male thread Female thread	±2 n	wL min
6g 6g 6H 6H (1) (1) (1) f9 h14 max f8 max min ±	±2 n	min 5
6g 6g 6H 6H (1) (1) (1) f9 h14 max f8 max min ±	5 15	5
25 12 M10x1,25 NA M8x1 NA 14 NA 24 10 10 38 6 16 3 2	15	
18 M14x1,50 M10x1,25 M12x1,25 M8x1 18 14 30 15 10 38 6 16 3 2		5
32 14 M12x1,25 NA M10x1,25 NA 16 NA 26 12 10 42 12 22 3 3	25	5
22 M16x1,50M12x1,25 M16x1,5 M10x1,25 22 16 34 19 10 42 9 19 3 3		5
		_
40 18 M14x1,50 NA M12x1,25 NA 18 NA 30 15 10 62 6 16 3 3	25	5
22(2) M16x1,50 NA M16x1,5 NA 22 NA 34 19 10 62 12 22 3 3	25	5
28 M20x1,50 M14x1,5 M20x1,5 M20x1,5 M12x1,25 28 18 42 22 10 62 12 22 3 3	25	7
50 22 M16x1,50 NA M16x1,5 NA 22 NA 34 19 16 74 9 25 4 4	25	5
28(2) M20x1,50 NA M20x1,5 NA 28 NA 42 22 16 74 9 25 4 4	25	7
36 M27x2 M16x1,5 M27x2 M16x1,50 36 22 50 30 16 74 9 25 4 4	25	8
63 28 M20x1,50 NA M20x1,5 NA 28 NA 42 22 16 75 13 29 4 4	32	7
36(2) M27x2 NA M27x2 NA 36 NA 50 30 16 88 13 29 4 4	32	8
45 M33x2 M20x1,5 M33x2 M20x1,50 45 28 60 39 16 88 13 29 4 4	32	10
80 36 M27x2 NA M27x2 NA 36 NA 50 30 20 82 9 29 4 5	31	8
45(2) M33x2 NA M33x2 NA 45 NA 60 39 20 105 9 29 4 5	31	10
56 M42x2 M27x2 M42x2 M27x2 56 36 72 48 20 105 9 29 4 5	31	10
100 45 M33x2 NA M33x2 NA 45 NA 60 39 22 92 10 32 5 5	35	10
56(2) M42x2 NA M42x2 NA 56 NA 72 48 22 125 10 32 5 5	35	10
70 M48x2 M33x2 M48x2 M33x2 63 45 88 62 22 125 10 32 5 5	35	10
125 56 M42x2 NA M42x2 NA 56 NA 72 48 22 105 10 32 5 5	35	10
70(2) M48x2 NA M48x2 NA 63 NA 88 62 22 150 7 29 5 5	35	10
90 M64x3 M42x2 M64x3 M42x2 85 56 108 80 22 150 7 29 5 5	35	15
160 70 M48x2 NA M48x2 NA 63 NA 88 62 25 125 7 32 5 5	32	10
90(2) M64x3 NA M64x3 NA 85 NA 108 80 25 170 7 32 5 5	32	15
110 M80x3 M48x2 M80x3 M48x2 95 63 133 100 25 170 7 32 5 5	32	15
200 90 M64x3 NA M64x3 NA 85 NA 108 80 25 150 7 32 5 5	32	15
110(2) M80x3 NA M80x3 NA 95 NA 133 100 25 210 7 32 5 5	32	15
140 M100x3 M64x3 M100x3 M64x3 112 85 163 128 25 210 7 32 5 5	32	15

Notes: (1) Dimensions A and A1 are according to ISO 4395 short type.

Tolerances: max for male thread; min for female thread

(2) Not included in ISO standard

7 CYLINDER'S HOUSING FEATURES

The cylinder's housings are made in "cold drawn and stressed steel" with Rs = 450 N/mm²; the internal surfaces are lapped: diameter tolerance H8, roughness Ra ≤ 0,25 µm.

8 TIE RODS FEATURES

The cylinder's tie rods are made in "normalized automatic steel" with Rs = 610 N/mm²; end-threads are rolled to improve the fatigue working life. They are screwed to the heads or mounted by means of nuts with a prefixed tightening torque MT, see the table at side.

9 RODS FEATURES and options

The rods materials have high strength, which provide safety coefficients higher than 4 in static stress conditions, at maximum working pressure. The rod surface is chrome plated: diameter tolerances f7; roughness Ra \leq 0,25 μm . Corrosion resistance of 100 h in neutral spray to ISO 9227 NSS

ø Rod	Material	Rs min	Chrome					
Ø nou	Material	[N/mm²]	min thickness [mm]	hardness [HV]				
12÷90	12÷90 hardened and tempered alloy-stee		0.020	850-1150				
110÷140 alloy steel		450	0,020	050-1150				

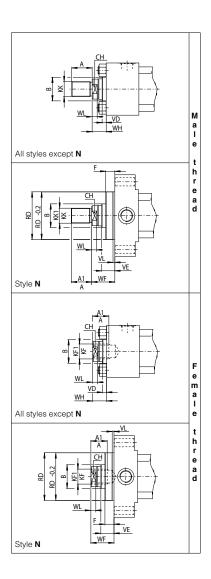
Rod diameters from 12 to 70 mm have rolled threads; in rolling process the component material is stressed beyond its yield point, being deformed plastically. This offers many technical advantages: higher profile accuracy, improved fatigue working life and high wear resistance. See **tab. B015** for the prediction of the expected rod fatigue life. The rod and piston are mechanically coupled by a threaded connection in which the thread on the rod is at least equal to the external thread KK, indicated in the table 6. The piston is screwed to the rod by a prefixed tightening torque in order to improve the fatigue resistance. The stop pin ① avoids the piston unscrewing. **Contact our technical office** in case of heavy duty applications.

Rod corrosion resistance and hardness can be improved selecting the options **K** and **T** (option K affects the strength of standard rod, contact our technical office): **K** = Nickel and chrome-plating (for rods from 22 to 110 mm)
Corrosion resistance (rating 10 to ISO 10289):

- 350 h in acetic acid salt spray to ISO 9227 AASS1000 h in neutral spray to ISO 9227 NSS
- T = Induction surface hardening and chrome plating
 56-60 HRC (613-697 HV) hardness

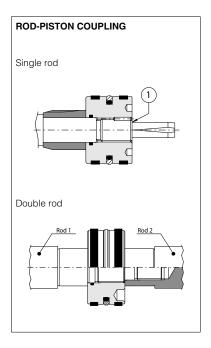
10 DOUBLE ROD

Double rod cylinders ensure the same pushing and pulling areas, thus the same speeds and forces. Rod2 (see figure at side) is screwed into the male thread of Rod1, consequently the Rod2 is weaker than the other and it is strongly recommended to use this one only to compensate the areas; the stronger rod is identified by the number '1' stamped on its end. For double rod cylinders, rod end dimensions indicated in section \blacksquare are valid for both the rods.



TIE RODS TIGHTENING TORQUES

Ø Bore	25	32	40	50	63
MT [Nm]	5	9	20	70	70
Wrench	8	10	13	19	19
Ø Bore	80	100	125	160	200
Ø Bore MT [Nm]	80 160	100	125 460	160 820	200 1160



11 OIL PORTS AND ROD SPEEDS

The fluid speed in pipings connected to the cylinder oil ports should not exceed 6 m/s in order to minimize the turbolence flow, the pressure drop and water hammer. The table below shows the max recommended rod speed relative to 6 m/s flow velocity.

In high dynamic systems the rod can reach even higher speeds (after a careful check of dampable masses, **see tab. B015**): in these cases it is recommended to use piping's diameters larger than the cylinder oil ports and to introduce proper reductions just near the cylinder oil ports.

		Stand	dard oil ports			Oversized o	il ports D , Y op	otions
Ø Bore	D [mm]	EE 6g	Internal pipe Ø[mm] min	Rod speed V [m/s]	D [mm]	EE 6g	Internal pipe Ø[mm] min	Rod speed V [m/s]
25	21 G 1/4		7,5 0,54		25 G 3/8		9	0,77
32	21 G 1/4		7,5	0,33	25 G 3/8		9	0,47
40	40 25 G 3/8		9	0,30	29	G 1/2	14	0,73
50	29 G 1/2		14	0,47	36	G 3/4	16	0,61
63	29	G 1/2	14	0,30	36	G 3/4	16	0,39
80	36	G 3/4	16	0,18	42 G 1		20	0,37
100	36	G 3/4	16	0,15	42	G 1	20	0,24
125	42	G 1	20	0,15	52	G 1 1/4	30	0,34
160	42	G 1	20	0,09	52 (1)	G 1 1/4 (1)	30	0,21
200	52	G 1 1/4	30	0,13	58	G 1 1/2	40	0,24

12 CUSHIONINGS

Cushionings are recommended for applications where: • the piston makes a full stroke with speed over than 0,05 m/s; • it is necessaty to reduce undesirable noise and mechanical shocks; • vertical application with heavy loads. The stroke-end cushionings are hydraulic dampers specifically designed to dissipate the energy of the mass connected to the cylinder rod, by progressively increasing the pressure in the cushioning chamber and thus reducing the rod speed before the cylinder's mechanical stroke-end (see the graphics at side). Two types of cushioning are available depending to the rod speed V:

Slow version for V ≤ 0.5 • V_{max} for V > 0.5 • V_{max} Fast version

See the table below for V_{max} values and **tab. B015** for the max damping energy.

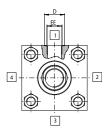
When fast or slow adjustable versions are selected, the cylinder is provided with needle valve to optimize cushioning performances in different applications. The regulating screws are supplied fully screwed in (max cushioning effect).

In case of high masses and/or very high operating speeds it is recommended to back them off to optimize the cushioning effect. The adjustment screw has a special design to prevent unlocking and expulsion. The cushioning effect is highly ensured even in case of variation of the fluid viscosity.

Ø Bore		2	5	3	2	4	0	5	0	6	63 80 100		100 125		160 200		00				
Ø Rod		12	18	14	22	18	22 28	22	28 36	28	36 45	36	45 56	45	56 70	56	70 90	70	90 110	90 140	110
Cushioning	Lf front	21	17	23	17	26	25	28	27	28	27	27	29	35	27	28	25	34	34	49	34
length [mm]	Lf rear	1	3	1	5	2	7	2	18	3	0	3	2	3	2	3	2	4	1	5	6
Vmax [m/s]			1		1		1		1	0	,8	0	,8	0	6	0	,6	0	,5	0,	,5

Oil ports features are threaded according to ISO 1179-1 (GAS standards) with counterbore dimension D type N (narrow). Oil ports with SAE 3000 flanges are available

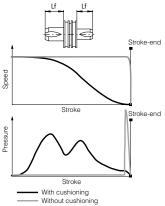
on request, contact our technical office.



Note to table:

(1) For mounting styles C, D, E, N, P, S the dimension **PJ2** reported in section 3 is modified, contact our technical office.

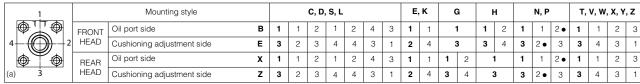
Lf is the total cushioning lenght. When the stroke-end cushionings are used as safety devices, to mechanically preserve the cylin-der and the system, it is advisable to select the cylinder's stroke longer than the operating one by an amount equal to the cushioning lenght Lf; in this way the cushioning effect does not influence the movement during the operating stroke.



13 POSITION COMBINATION FOR OIL PORTS AND CUSHIONING ADJUSTMENTS

FRONT HEAD: **B*** = oil port position; **E*** = cushioning adjustment position REAR HEAD: **X*** = oil port position; **Z*** = cushioning adjustment position The table below shows all the available configurations for the oil port and cushioning adjustment positions. Bolt characters identify the standard positions. Each configuration for the front head can be variously combined with any one of the rear head. Cushioning adjustment positions **E***, **Z*** have to be entered only if adjustable cushionings are selected.

Example of model code: CK-50/22 *0100-S301 - A - **B2E3X1Z4**

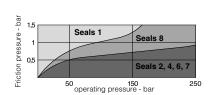


• Not available for bores 25 and 32. Dimensions **PJ, PJ2, Y** and **Y1** change compared to the values in section 3, contact our technical office (a) Front view rod side (rod n°1 for double rods) Contact our technical office for combinations not included in the table.

14 SEALING SYSTEM FEATURES

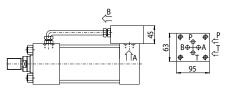
The sealing system must be choosen according to the working conditions of the system: speed, operating frequencies, fluid type and temperature.

When single acting seals are selected (types 6 and 7), the not pressurized cylinder's chamber must be connected to the tank. Special sealing system for low temperatures, high frequencies (up to 20 Hz), long working life and heavy duty are available on request. All the seals, static and dynamic, must be periodically replaced: proper spare kits are available, see section 2. Contact our technical office for the compatibility with other fluids not mentioned below and specify type and composition. See section 19 for fluid requirements.



Sealing	Material	Features	Max	Fluid temperature	Fluids compatibility	ISO Standar	ds for seals
system	Material	reatures	speed [m/s]	range	Fidias compatibility	Piston	Rod
1	NBR + POLYURETHANE	high static and dynamic sealing	0.5	-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606	ISO 7425/1	ISO 5597/1
2	FKM + PTFE	very low friction and high temperatures	4	-20°C to 120°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFB, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U,HFD-R	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2
4	NBR + PTFE	very low friction and high speeds	4	-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2
6 - 7	NBR + PTFE	very low friction single acting - pushing/pulling	1	-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606 fire resistance fluids HFA, HFC (water max 45%), HFD-U	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2
8	PTFE + NBR + POLYURETHANE			-20°C to 85°C	Mineral oils HH, HL, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV, MIL-H-5606	ISO 7425/1	ISO 7425/2

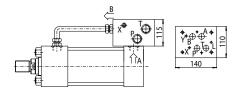
CK cylinders can be supplied with ISO (size 06, 10, 16 and 25) incorporated subplates for mounting of valves directly on the cylinder.



10 = subplate with mounting surface 4401-03-02-0-05 (size 06) Oil ports \dot{P} and T = G 3/8

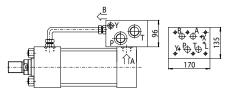
For bores from 40 to 200 and strokes longer than 100 mm

For shorter strokes, the cylinder must be provided with suitable spacer



30 = subplate with mounting surface 4401-07-07-0-05 (size 16) Oil ports P and T = G 1; L, X and Y = G 1/4 For bores from 80 to 200 and strokes longer than 150 mm For shorter strokes, the cylinder must be provided with suitable spacer **⊕**Υ P**⊕** X**⊕ ⊕**_T . 88,5 r Y B⊕⊕A X ΦP 1ìa

20 = subplate with mounting surface 4401-05-05-0-05 (size 10) Oil ports P and T = G 3/4; X and Y = G 1/4For bores from 40 to 200 and strokes longer than 150 mm For shorter strokes, the cylinder must be provided with suitable spacer



40 = subplate with mounting surface 4401-08-08-0-05 (size 25) Oil ports P and T = G 1; L, X and Y = G 1/4For bores from 125 to 200 and strokes longer than 150 mm For shorter strokes, the cylinder must be provided with suitable spacer

Note: for the choice of suitable spacer see section 5. The addition of spacer length and working stroke must be at least equal or upper than the minimum stroke indicated above, see the following example

Subplate 20; working stroke = 70 mm; min. stroke = 150 mm → select spacer 4 (lenght = 100mm)

16 AIR BLEEDS

CODES: A = front air bleed; W = rear air bleed

The air in the hydraulic circuit must be removed to avoid noise, vibrations and irregular cylinder's motion: air bleed valves are recommended to realize this operation easily and safely. Air bleeds are usually positioned on the opposite side of the oil port except for front heads of mounting styles **N**, **G** (on side 3), rear heads of mounting styles **C**, **D**, **S**, **H**, **P** (on side 3) and for heads of mounting style **E** (on side 2), see section **S**. For cylinders with adjustable cushionings the air bleeds are positioned on the same side of the cushioning adjustment screw. For Servocylinders, cylinders with incorporated subplates or proximity users as in the media leads. mity sensors, air bleeds are supplied as standard and they must not be entered in the model code. For cylinders with proximity sensors, air bleeds A, W or AW are supplied respectively depending on the selected sensors R, S or RS. For a proper use of the air-bleed (see figure on side) unlock the grub screw ① with a wrench for hexagonal head screws, bleed-off the air and retighten as indicated in table at side.

17 DRAINING

CODE: **L** = rod side draining

The rod side draining reduces the seals friction and increases their reliability; it is mandatory for cylinders with strokes longer than 2000 mm, with rod side chamber constantly pressurized and for servocylinders. The draining is positioned on the same side of the oil port, between the wiper and the rod seals (see figure at side) and it can be supplied only with sealing system: 2, 4, 7 and 8. It is recommended to connect the draining port to the tank without backpressure. Draining port is G1/8.

18 PROXIMITY SENSORS

CODES: R = front sensor; S = rear sensor

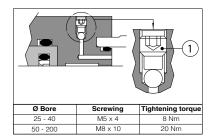
Proximity sensors functioning is based on the variation of the magnetic field, generated by the sensor itself, when the cushioning piston enters on its influence area, causing a change of state (on/off) of the sensors. The distance from the mechanical stroke-end of the cylinder, at which occurs the switching of the sensor's electrical contact, can be adjusted between 1 and 3 mm. For their regulation, it is necessary to position the rod where it is desired to obtain the contact switching and rotate the sensor until its LED switch-on (commutation occurred). The sensors tightening torque must be lower than 40 N/m to avoid damages. The sensors must always be coupled with fast adjustable cushioning, see section [2] to avoid pressure peaks on stroke-end. They are positioned on side 4, see section [3]. The coupling of the proximity sensors with the stroke-end cushioning imposes particular executions with limitation of the damping masses and/or speeds compared to the executions with standard cushioning.

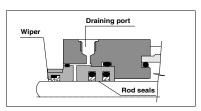
Limitations

R, S options not available for cylinders with bores smaller then 40 mm.

R option not available for G and N mounting styles; **S** option not available for P and H mounting styles.

Ø Bore	40	50	63	80	100	125	160	200
DB max	77	75	72	74	73	71	71	67
DC	67	71	65	71	65	51	34	20
		Deb. Od		2		15 S	able lenght: 3m	1





SENSORS TECHNICAL DATA

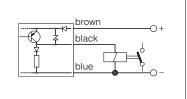
The proximity sensors are inductive type, they supply a "NO" (Normally Open) output signal which status corresponds to the rod position:

- R, S = close contact = 24 Volt at output contacts = rod positioned at stroke ends
- **R**, **S** = open contact = 0 Volt at output contacts

= rod not positioned at stroke ends Ambient temperature -20 +70°C

Nominal voltage 24 VDC 10...30 VDC Operating voltage 200 mA Max load Version PNP Output type NO Repeatability <5% Hysteresis <15% Protection **IP68**

25 MPa (250 bar) Max pressure



19 FLUID REQUIREMENTS

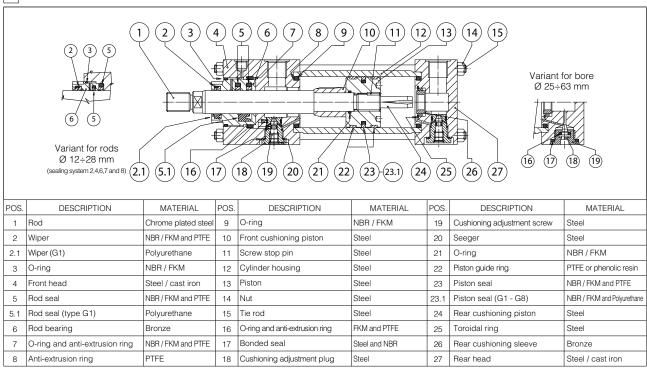
Cylinders and servocylinders are suitable for operation with mineral oils with or without additives (HH, HLP, HLP-D, HM, HV), fire resistant fluids (HFA oil in water emulsion - 90-95% water and 5-10% oil, HFB water in oil emulsion - 40% water, HFC water glycol - max 45% water) and synthetic fluids (HFD-U organic esters, HFD-R phosphate esters). The fluid must have a viscosity within 15 and 100 mm²/s, a temperature within 0 and 70°C and fluid contamination class ISO 19/16 according to ISO 4406, achieved with in-line filters at 25 µm.

20 CYLINDERS MASSES [kg] (tolerance ± 5%)

		MASS FO	R STYLES Z	MASS FO						aaaardi	ADDITION TO MO	ONAL M		ontions				
			e rod		le rod					accordi	ng to mo	unting st	yies ariu	Options				
Ø Bore [mm]	Ø Rod [mm]	Stroke 100 mm	Each added 100 mm	Stroke 100 mm	Each added 100 mm	Style C	Style D	Style E	Style G	Style K	Style L	Style N	Style P	Style S	Styles V Y	Style W	Each cush- ioning	Each 50 mm spacer
25	12	1,65	0,47	1,95	0,56	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.4	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
23	18	1,80	0,58	2,40	0,78	0,08	0,068	0,22	- 0,02	0,1	0,19	0,18	0,18	0,08	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,38
32	14	2,23	0,49	2,69	0,61	0.17	0.15	0,24	0.02	0.16	0,29	0.18	0.18	0.14	0,02	0.04	0.04	0.50
32	22	2,51	0,67	3,21	0,97	0,17	0,15	0,24	0,02	0,16	0,29	0,18	0,18	0,14	0,02	0,04	0,04	0,50
	18	4,90	0,79	6,78	0,99													
40	22	5,15	0,89	7,19	1,19	0,27	0,22	0,256	0,08	0,2	0,78	0,76	0,76	0,57	0,06	0,12	0,07	0,79
	28	5,40	1,07	7,60	1,55													
	22	6,40	1,18	7,85	1,48									0,31	0,16	0,32		
50	28	6,59	1,37	8,23	1,85	0,84	0,74	0,52	0,28	0,39	1,46	1,1	1,1				0,13	1,15
	36	7,20	1,68	9,45	2,48													
63	28	8,70	1,62	11,08	2,10											0,32	0,25	1,68
63	36	9,13	1,93	11,94	2,73	0,52	0,41	1,54	0,26	1,25	2,17	1,34	1,34	0,46	0,16			
63	45	9,80	2,39	13,64	3,64													
	36	17,00	2,96	20,45	3,76													
80	45	17,76	3,46	21,97	4,71	1,25	0,79	1,23	1,63	NA	3,67	7 2,39	2,39	0,86	0,34	0,68	0,40	2,85
	56	18,10	4,09	23,90	6,02													
	45	23,80	3,90	29,85	5,15													
100	56	24,70	4,6	32,01	6,53	3,05	2,31	1,63	1,00	NA	5,46	2,94	2,94	1,77	0,34	0,68	0,60	4,15
	70	26,00	5,68	35,20	8,70													
	56	43,60	6,15	53,60	8,08													
125	70	45,24	7,25	58,55	10,27	3,95	2,87	4,60	1,50	NA	8,60	5,65	5,65	4,65	0,90	1,80	1,15	6,61
	90	49,62	9,21	72,88	14,20	1												
	70	74,55	8,75	85,96	11,77													\vdash
160	90	79,31	10,72	96,08	15,71	8,33	7,63	7,56	4,66	NA	16,58	7,97	7,97	8,21	1,50	3,00	1,85	10,75
	110	83,90	13,18	106,20	20,64	1												
	90	123,60	12,50	136,52	17,49													
200	110	130,39	14,52	142,65	21,98	10,00	13,82	14,60	9,86	NA 37,00	16,78	16,82	14,80	2,50	5,00	2,50	15,86	
	140	137,19	19,14	148,78	31,22	1											2,30	10,00

Note: the masses related to the other options, not indicated in the table, don't have a relevant influence on the cylinder's mass

21 CYLINDER SECTION



22 MODEL CODE FOR SEALS SPARE PARTS SP C K 5 0 2 2 2 2 3 2 G Seals spare code Serial Second rod diameter for Sealing system number double rod [mm] Omit if not requested Cylinder series Bore size [mm] Rod diameter [mm]